Development Program Worldwide Ltd

The Clergy House, Mark Street, London EC2A 4ER www.iraqdevelopmentprogram.org

Development Program Worldwide, formerly known as 'Windrush Communications', promotes private investment in conflict zones and newly emergent markets. The DP brings together governments and multinational corporations in energy, mercenary, and infrastructure sectors, to sign privatisation contracts.

The Iraq Development Program has organised conferences facilitating the selloff of Iraqi assets and services since 2004. Empowering local elites and multinational corporations, the IDP embodies the DP's ethos of cracking open new markets in conflict zones, exploiting the absence of democratic processes and structures in order to impose lasting neo-liberal economic structures and relationships which benefit private capital over public service or say. Subject of a legal charge of pillage by protestors charged with trespass in 2004, the CPS dropped all charges against protestors, denying the first legal challenge to corporate plunder in Iraq.

The Foreign and Commonwealth Office

King Charles Street, London SW1A 2AH www.fco.govuk

Between 2003-2004 the FCO employed former BP and Shell executives in the occupation's Ministry of Oil to restructure the Iraqi oil industry. FCO representatives has access and say over the Iraqi Oil Law 8 months before any Iraqi MPs. British diplomats have organised meetings between Shell and BP and the Iraqi oil ministry; have pushed lobbying documents in Iraq arguing for PSAs and de-regulation, and FCO 'Middle East Economic Advisors' have repeatedly been former Shell economic advisors.





Welcome to the London Hands Off Iraqi Oil Piratical Action Tour. London is home to many of the energy companies, private military security companies and lobbyists which are fuelling and profiteering from the war and occupation in Iraq. This map is a short guide to the corporate piracy that surrounds us, and to some of the plunderers-in-chief...

Iraq's Two Occupations

There are two occupations in Iraq. The military occupation – represented by 160,000 US and 4,000 British troops, tens of thousands of mercenaries, plus military bases and prison camps. And an economic occupation – represented by the imposition of laws, regulations, and institutions which promote the sell-off of Iraq's assets, services and rights to resource sovereignty.

Opening Iraq up to business is good news for companies seeking new markets but for the people of Iraq, suffering multiple shocks of dictatorship, war, bomb-attacks and displacement, it is a form of pillage and a theft of self-determination.

Struggle for Iraq's oil

Oil accounts for 95% of Iraqi government revenue. Despite popular misconceptions, it is still in the public sector. But for how much longer? Despite massive opposition to their presence, companies such as Shell and BP have been lobbying and manoeuvring for a foothold in the oil sector since 2002. Shell, BP and other International Oil Companies are pushing for Production Sharing Agreements – contracts which will give them effective control of Iraq's oil for 25 years.

The war and occupation of Iraq is a business opportunity for these companies. It's not just the stealing of assets and resources, but the futures and possibilities of generations to come. As the war and occupation of Iraq enters its fifth year, we are here to demand an end to both occupations of Iraq and to challenge the corporate pirates and freemarket logic, which profit from these occupations.

No Occupation – military or economic – Hands Off Iraqi Oil!



IRAQ FOR SALE

National Portrait Gallery

Erinys International Ltd

First Floor, 58 Grovsenor Street, London WiK www.erinysinternational.com

The Iraq division of this extractive industries-focused private military security company won the contract to train Iraq's oil protection force. Worth \$80m, it trained 14,000 guards, many controversially from Ahmed Chalabi's Iraqi National Congress' private security forces. Established by former apartheid-era officials in 2002 and employing former apartheid police and intelligence officers, the firm has a reputation for using excessive force. In 2005 Erinys guards ran over and killed American soldier Christopher Monroe. It currently has 1,000 personnel in Iraq – most of them British. It is active in 3 regions in Iraq, focusing on facilities protection and convoy protection. It is positioning for contracts within the energy sector – its core business.

British Petroleum

1 St James's Square, London, SWiT 4PD www.bp.com

Former BP CEOs Terry Adams and Bob Morgan both worked as advisors to the Iraqi Ministry of Oil, between 2003-2004. The British government paid them £147,700 each for their work. Terry Adams wrote a 'Code of Practice' for the Iraqi Ministry of Oil which concluded that Iraq should open its oil sector to foreign investment. BP, along with Shell, also saw the first draft of the Iraqi Hydrocarbon Law within weeks of its publication. It commented upon and steered the draft to reflect its own interests. It was 8 months before the Iraqi parliament first saw and commented on the draft. BP has submitted plans for contracts to develop the North and South Rumeilla super giant fields in Basra province.

National Portrait Gallery

National Portrait Gallery, St Martin's Place, London WC2H oHE www.npg.org.uk.

BP currently sponsors the National Portrait Gallery through its sponsorship of the annual BP Portrait Award, BP Travel Award, BP Young Artist Award and the BP Visitor Choice Award. Sponsorship of the arts and cultural spaces is a way of BP re-branding itself as a 'good corporate citizen'. This allows it to both greenwash its environmental violations and whitewash its appalling human rights record.

International Tax and Investment Centre

8 Duncannon Street, London WC2N 4JF www.iticnet.org

Although ITIC says it is an independent consultancy, for over ten years, three of the four corporate member's of ITIC's Executive Committee have been representatives from Chevron, BP and British Gas. The ITIC has been pushing for a free market-driven Iraqi oil industry, open to international oil company control through exclusive long-term contracts which will surrender Iraq's sovereignty to foreign companies for 25 years. Its 84-page lobbying document 'Petroleum and Iraq's Future: Fiscal Options and Challenges',

London

was sponsored by BP, Chevron Texaco, Exxon Mobil, Shell Total and ENI. The British Ambassador to Iraq delivered this document to the Iraqi Ministry of Finance. ITIC, with the help of British diplomats, has also organised meetings between Iraqi government officials and international oil companies in Lebanon and Jordan. ITIC has met with the UK Foreign Office four times in the past five years. Iraqi energy sector regulatory reform has been high on the agenda.

Royal Dutch Shell

Shell Centre, Waterloo, London SE1 7NA www.shell.co.uk

Days before the bombing of Baghdad in 2003, senior Shell executives met with British government representatives to demand 'a level playing field for all oil companies, so that everyone has got a fair opportunity'. Former Shell USA CEO Phillip Carroll was appointed senior advisor the Coalition Provisional Authority from February to September 2003. This was the most senior position in the foreign reconstruction process of Iraq's oil industry.

Shell, alongside BP also hired the ITIC to write its lobbying document pushing for PSAs, and was amongst the nine multinational oil companies which commented upon and steered the drafting process of the Iraqi Hydrocarbon Law. Shell reps have been meeting with Iraqi Ministry of Oil officials in Jordan. Shell has submitted proposals for Technical Service Contracts for three major fields in Iraq: Akkas Gas Field (Anbar), and giant Kirkuk field, and Misan fields.